



**1. Brierfield House/
Brierfield Town Hall**
Brierfield House was built by Henry Tunstall for his family in 1833 and named after the pasture it was built in. The Tunstall family often held meetings for the newly established Wesleyan Methodist congregation in their wash house.
In 1901 the house became the new Town Hall for the Urban District Council of Brierfield. J.T. Landless, the Borough Surveyor

then added its balustrade parapet and a door-case with consoles supporting a balcony.
Unfortunately it no longer acts as the Town Hall or offers council services for the people of Brierfield, but ownership was transferred back to the Town Council in 2014 for them to run for the good of the community. The building is now Grade II listed.
**Colne Road
Brierfield BB9 5NP**



3. Primitive Methodist Chapel
The Primitive Methodist Chapel was built in 1866 at a cost of £1800. It was later enlarged and re-roofed in 1889 and an organ was bought by philanthropist Andrew Carnegie in 1908. By 1909, the total cost of the chapel was about £4,000.
The building has four bays with a four bay pediment and subdued Italianate forms. The building ceased to be a place of worship in

1955 and is now a gym.
There was an early chapel which was built on land just off Halifax Road which had been founded in 1832. It closed in 1866 when the new chapel was built on Burnley Road. There is a graveyard at the site with a few remaining gravestones.
**Burnley Road
Brierfield BB9 5AD**



5. The Baptist Church
The church was opened in 1886 with money from Abraham Altham, a man who came from nothing to be a very successful business man. Although he died before the church was completed, his estate continued to pay for the running costs for the first 20 years.
The inside of the building is largely unchanged since it was built (possibly one of the only churches in East Lancashire that still retains all its original

fixtures and fittings and has had no structural alterations). It still retains all its pitched pine fittings, pews and ceiling and has the original immersion bath, although the Victorian plumbing has been modified.
A new school room was opened in 1910 and a new organ was added in 1939 to replace the one that had been given to the church in 1898.
**Burnley Road
Brierfield BB9 5HX**



7. Smith & Nephew/ Brierfield Mills
Brierfield Mills was built on the east bank of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal in about 1838, and was Brierfield's first steam-powered cotton mill. It was erected on behalf of Henry Tunstall.

The mill was built near to a colliery owned by Colonel Hargreaves and was run as Henry Tunstall and Sons. After Henry died in 1854, the name was changed to Tunstall Brothers.

In 1925, the mill reported that it had a total of 86,340 mule spindles, 5964 ring spindles and 2786 looms. Smith and Nephew Textiles Ltd started producing surgical bandages in 1957, and modernised the plant in the 1960. The company operated as Smith and Nephew plc and merged with the German Beiersdorf AG soon after trading as BSN Medical Ltd in the mill.
Designated Grade II Listed Building in January 1988. The cotton industry continued to be the main

employer until well into the 1960s. In 2006, BSN ceased production of woven cloth at Brierfield Mills. Final production ceased in September 2010.
After years of disuse, Pendle Council bought the mills in 2012 and the historic buildings are being transformed into a new destination called Northlight.
**Dale Street/Pendle Street
BB9 5NH**



9. Wesleyan Methodist Church
This imposing Church was the vision of Henry Tunstall and his wife who were keen supporters of the Wesleyan Movement. Their sons, Robert and William were substantial benefactors after their father died, providing land and funding to build the church and later the School extension.

The church was opened in October 1862 at a cost of £3400 and became the

main church for the Wesleyans and Primitive Methodist congregations and the Congregationalists when they merged locally in 1957.

Prior to the chapel being built, the Wesleyans used the wash house of Brierfield House and then met in a converted cellar in Lomas Row before adapting the space over two bedrooms in Halifax Road to make a chapel in 1848.

A Sunday school was also built and opened in 1862. In 1881 a new school was built which can still be seen, although it no longer belongs to the church.

The Church has two memorial stained glass windows to commemorate soldiers who died in WW1 and belonged to the church. The building is Grade II listed.

**Colne Road
Brierfield BB9 5RD**



8. Jamia Mosque Sultana
The Jamia Mosque Sultana first opened its doors in 1972 when local residents bought and converted number 3 Bridge Street. The mosque catered for a small population of people who worked in the local textile industry. Over the years the Mosque Committee bought numbers 5 & 7 to meet the growing demand until it was decided that a new Mosque should be built.
The new mosque was opened in 2013, after 8 years of planning and raising funds, both locally and nationally. It cost approx. £4 million

and its green dome is built on similar lines to that at the Mosque in Medina.
The walls are lined with marble and there is a large stunning chandelier in the main praying area, which reflects in the windows of the hall giving the illusion of double the space and chandeliers.
The mosque is now one of the largest in Lancashire and can cater for 2000 worshippers and is a testament to those first generation Muslims who with limited resources, conceived and created this new mosque.
**Sackville Street
Brierfield BB9 5LE**



2. Old Fire Station
The Old Fire Station was opened in 1901 and was designed by J.T. Landless, the Town surveyor. It Cost £1000 for the building and £200 for the equipment. You can still see the three big broad arches below the tripartite windows above.
The first Fire Engine, named Ellen, was bought in 1907.
Brierfield Fire Brigade had been formed in 1892 but was disbanded

4. The Primitive Methodist Sunday School
The Primitive Methodists built their Sunday School next to the chapel in 1887. It is said that the building won an architectural prize for its style and architecture which is markedly different from the rest of the buildings in the town.
The building has been described as being in the Free Renaissance style. It consists of a 3 bay centre



6. St Luke's Church C of E
General Sir James Yorke Scarlett laid the foundation stone of St Luke's in 1871, and the Church was completed in 1872.
The church was built by James Green and has a clock and bell tower. The congregation added a vestry, and acquired an organ from William Hill and Sons in 1888 for the sum of £670 which was loaned to the church by the choirmaster Edward Stocks Massey, part of the Massey Brewery family.
The organ consists of a gothic case and the pipes are made of 'spotted metal' which is rich in tin.
In 2003 the organ was listed as a Grade II historic instrument by the British Institute of Organ Studies as the organ had been restored and slightly modified over the years to make it easier to play.
The church also has a number of memorial stained glass windows.
**Burnley Road
Brierfield BB9 5JL**



